

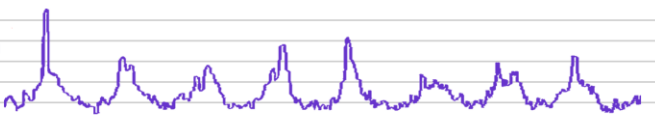
European Mortality Bulletin, Week 13, 2017:

The majority of participating European countries have had a marked excess in all-cause mortality, since the end of 2016; in particular among elderly aged 65 years and above. However, mortality has normalised again.

This seasons excess mortality coincided with circulation of influenza A(H3N2), which usually leads to increased mortality among elderly. Some countries have also experienced extremely cold weather in the beginning of the year, which also may have contributed to the excess mortality.

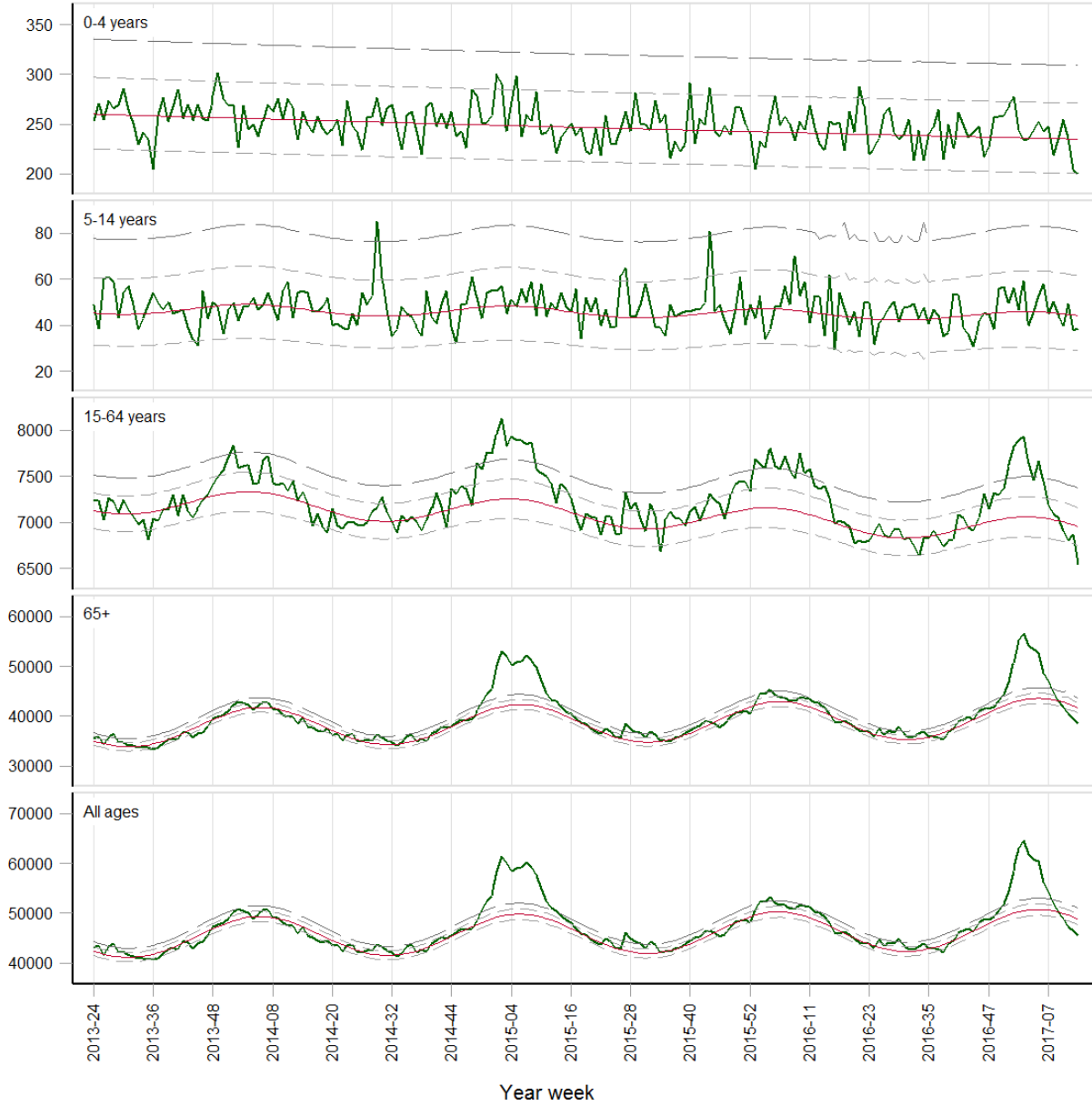
Data from 20 countries or regions were received this week. Of these, 19 were included in the pooled analysis of excess all-cause mortality.

The excess mortality in the past weeks should be interpreted with caution because adjustments made for delayed registrations may be imprecise. Furthermore, results of pooled analyses may vary depending on which countries were included in the weekly analyses. Pooled analyses are adjusted for variation between the included countries and for differences in the local delay in reporting. Further details are available on <http://www.euromomo.eu>



Pooled number of deaths

EuroMOMO: week 13, 2017

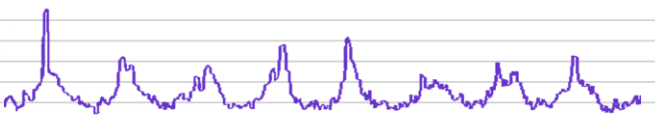


— Stratified baseline — Delay-adjusted number of deaths
- - - Normal range (+- 2 z-scores) — Substantial increase (4 z-scores)

Participating countries:

Belgium, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, UK (England), UK (Scotland), UK (Wales)

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European monitoring of excess mortality for public health action

