

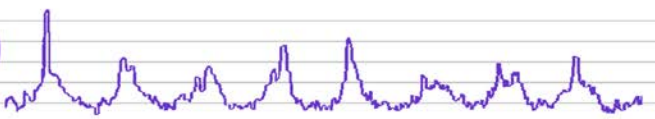
European Mortality Bulletin, Week 10, 2017:

The majority of participating European countries have had a marked excess in all-cause mortality, since the end of 2016; in particular among elderly aged 65 years and above. However, mortality seems to have normalised now.

The excess mortality coincided with a high level of influenza activity, dominated by circulation of influenza A(H3N2), which usually leads to increased mortality among elderly. Some countries have also experienced extremely cold weather in the beginning of the year, which also may have contributed to the excess mortality.

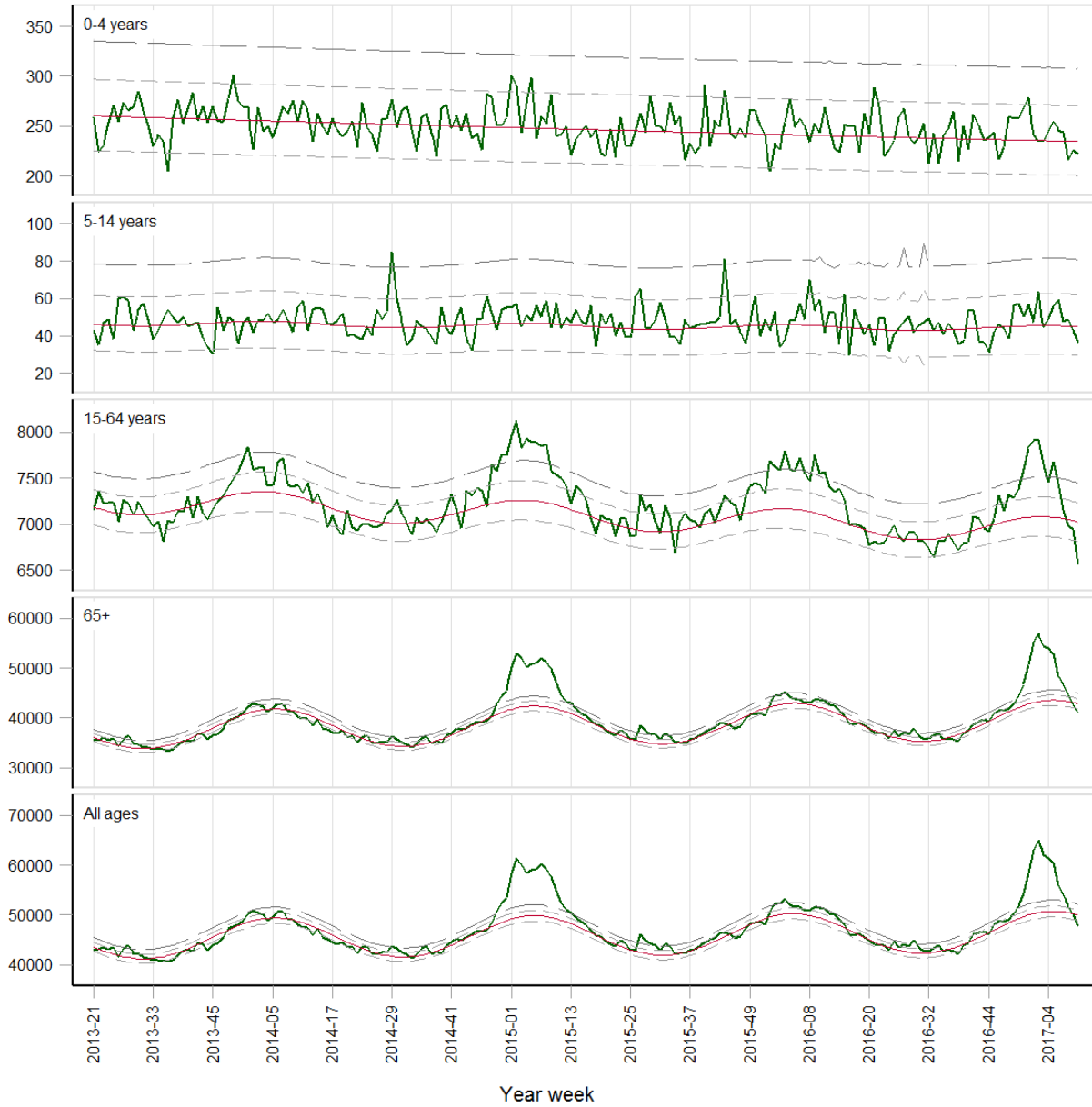
Data from 19 countries or regions were received this week and included in the pooled analysis of excess all-cause mortality.

The excess mortality in the past weeks should be interpreted with caution because adjustments made for delayed registrations may be imprecise. Furthermore, results of pooled analyses may vary depending on which countries were included in the weekly analyses. Pooled analyses are adjusted for variation between the included countries and for differences in the local delay in reporting. Further details are available on <http://www.euromomo.eu>



Pooled number of deaths

EuroMOMO: week 10, 2017



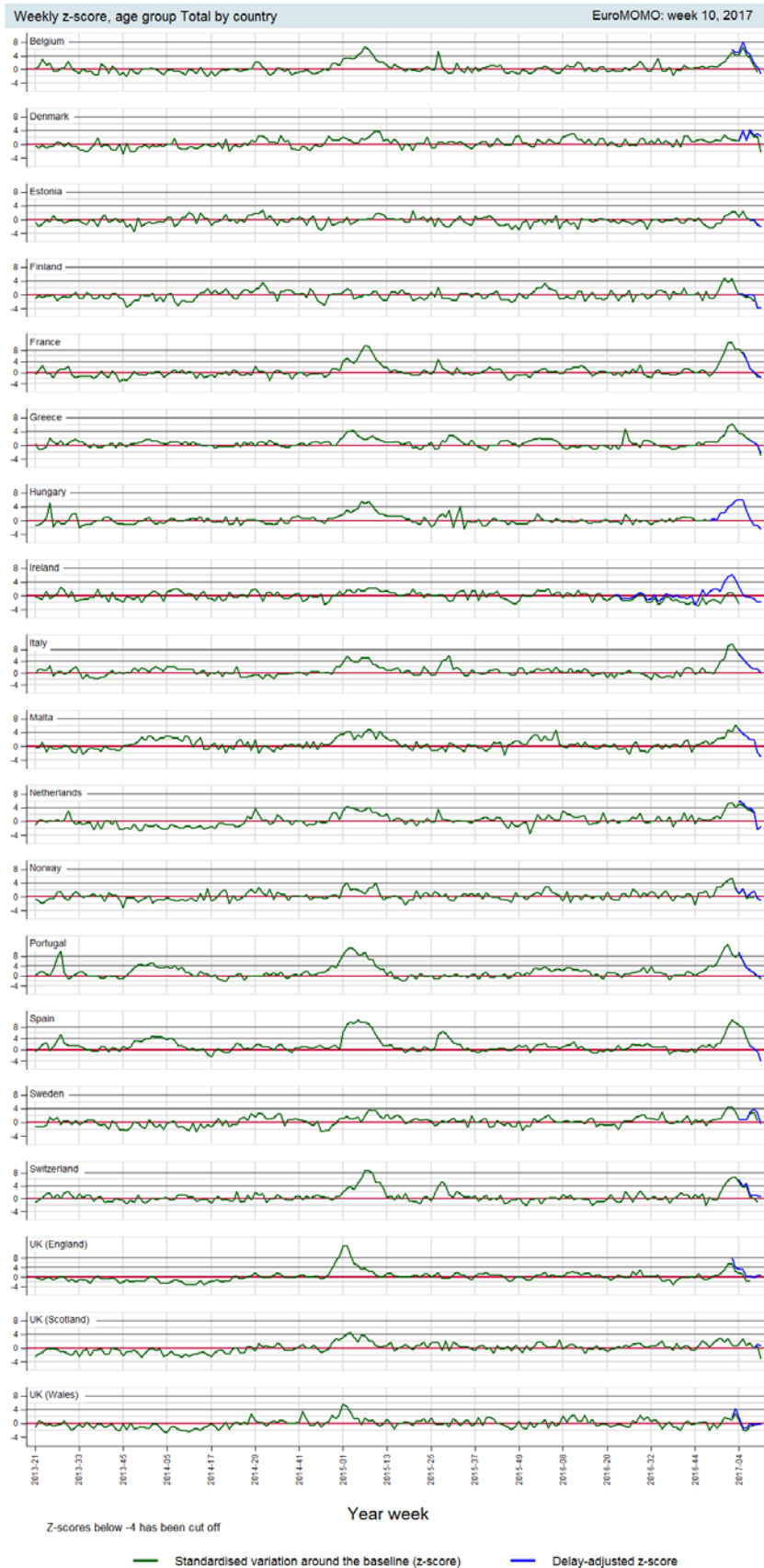
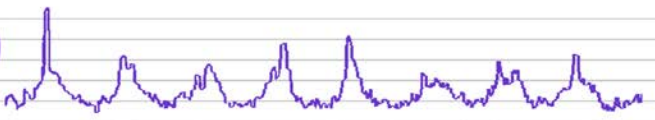
— Stratified baseline — Delay-adjusted number of deaths
- - - Normal range (+- 2 z-scores) · · · Substantial increase (4 z-scores)

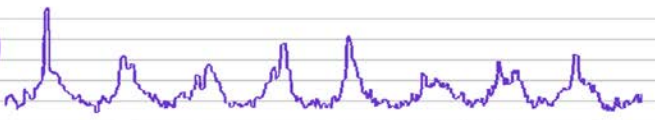
Participating countries:

Belgium, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, UK (England), UK (Scotland), UK (Wales)

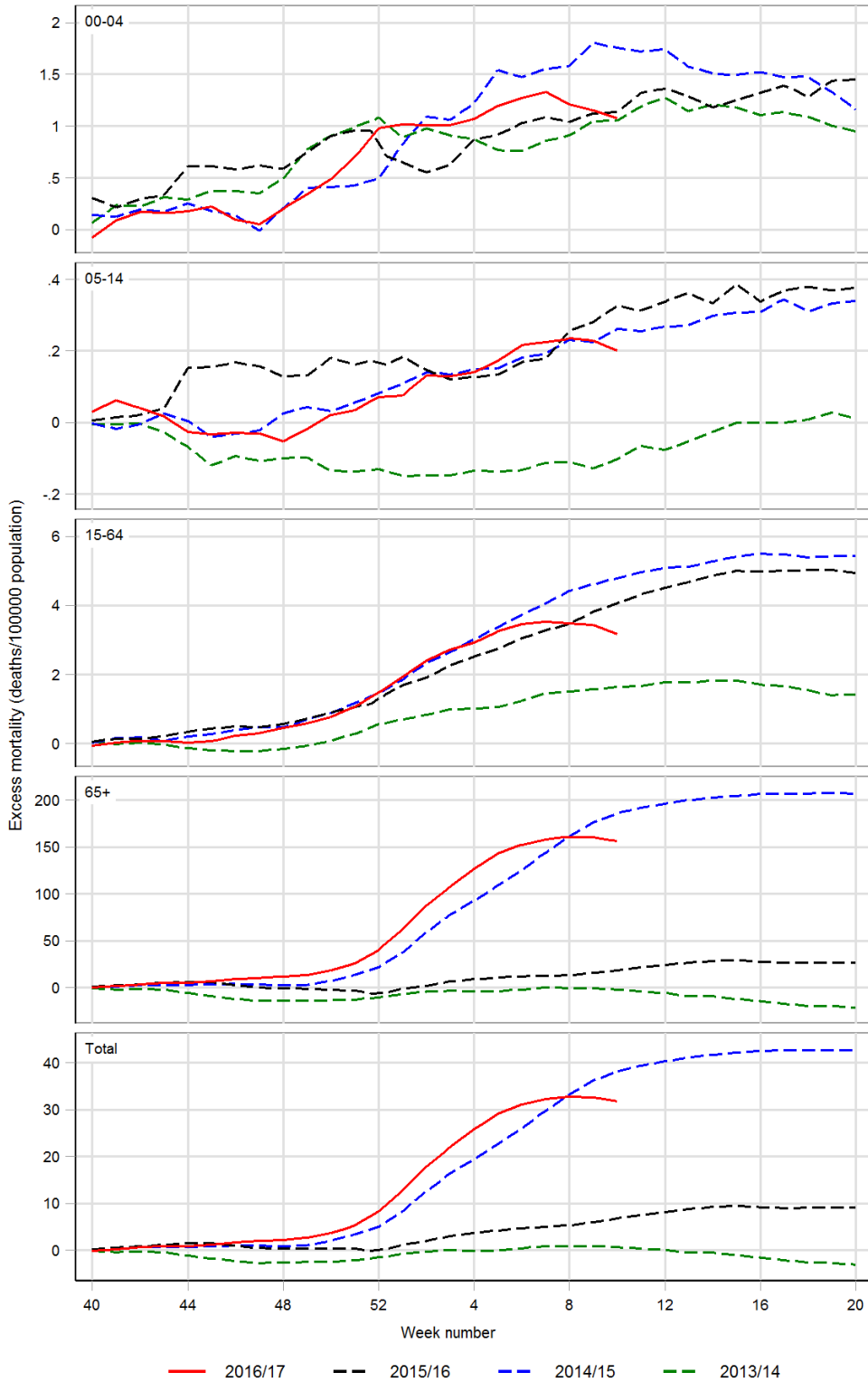
euroMOMO

European monitoring of excess mortality for public health action





All countries pooled: cumulated winter excess mortality EuroMOMO: week 10, 2017



Participating countries:
 Belgium, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Malta, Netherlands
 Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, UK (England), UK (Scotland), UK (Wales)